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13. a) A ball is thrown vertically into the air at 35 m/s. After 3 sec, another ball is thrown

first ball 30 m from the ground?

and inclination with ground.

vertically. With what initial velocity must the second ball have, so that it passes the

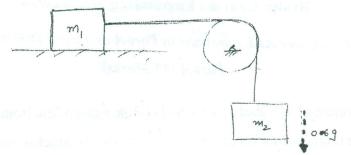
b) A stone is dropped so that is strikes the inclined ground at s = 70m. If the ball rises to a [4] maximum height of h=17.5m above the point of release, compute its initial velocity V_0

[3]

14. a) Define the term Statics and Dynamics.

[3]

b) In the system of connected bodies shown, the pulleys are of negligible weight and frictionless. Determine the mass m₁ if mass m₂ (50kN) has an downward acceleration of 0.6 g.



15. a) Define the term pure rotation for kinematics.

[3]

b) Show that the body has plane motion means, the displacement of instantaneous center is zero.

[4]

16. a) Given the vectors $\mathbf{a} = 2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{b} = 4\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{c} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$, evaluate component of $(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b})$ along $(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c})$.

[3]

b) A 500 N block rests on an inclined of 45° having coefficient of static friction as 0.25. [4] Compute the value of horizontal force P necessary to just start the block.

17. Write short notes on any two of the following:

[7]

- a) Instantaneous center (IC) in plane motion.
- b) Resultant force and inertial force with respect to dynamics, in rectilinear motion.
- c) Distinguish between kinematics and kinetics.

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